

Nieuwe ontwikkelingen in lipidenverlagende behandelingen

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Disclosure potential conflicts of interest J.W. Jukema

Geen (potentiële) belangenverstrengeling	
Voor bijeenkomst mogelijk relevante relaties:	
Sponsoring/honorarium/vergoeding of onderzoeksgeld	JW Jukema/his department has received research grants from and/or was speaker (with or without lecture fees) on a.o.(CME accredited) meetings sponsored by Amgen, Athera, Astra-Zeneca, Biotronik, Boston Scientific, Dalcor, Daiichi Sankyo, Lilly, Medtronic, Merck-Schering-Plough, Pfizer, Roche, Sanofi Aventis, The Medicine Company, the Netherlands Heart Foundation, CardioVascular Research the Netherlands (CVON), the Netherlands Heart Institute and the European Community Framework KP7 Programme.

Nicolai Anitschkow (1885 – 1964)

- Identified cell types involved in atherosclerosis
 - Smooth muscle cells
 - Macrophages
 - Lymphocytes
- "There is no atherosclerosis without cholesterol"

Anitschkow NN, Chatalov S (1913). "Über experimentelle Cholesterinsteatose und ihre Bedeutung für die Entstehung einiger pathologischer Prozesse". *Zentralbl Allg Pathol* 24: 1-9.

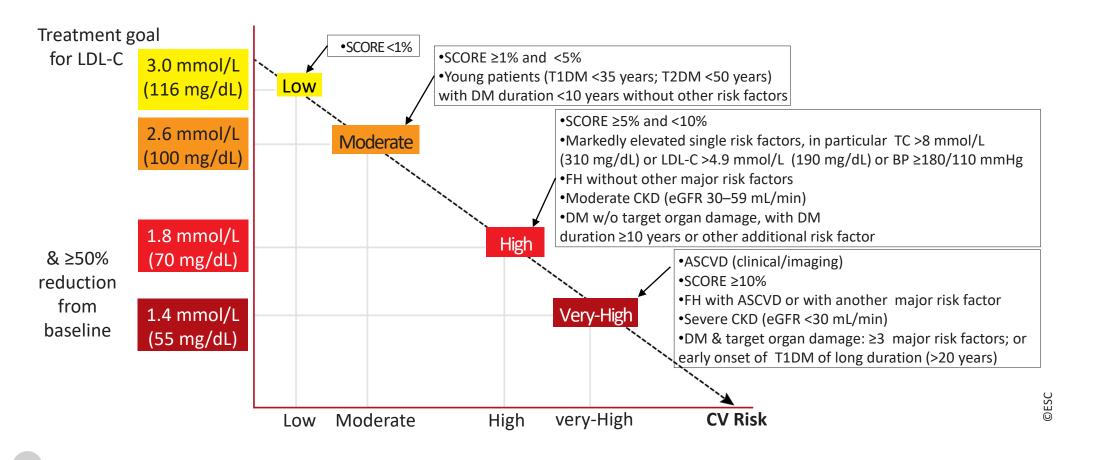
Anitschkow NN (1913). "Über die Veränderungen der Kaninchenaorta bei experimenteller Cholesterinsteatose". *Beitr Pathol Anat* 56: 379-404.



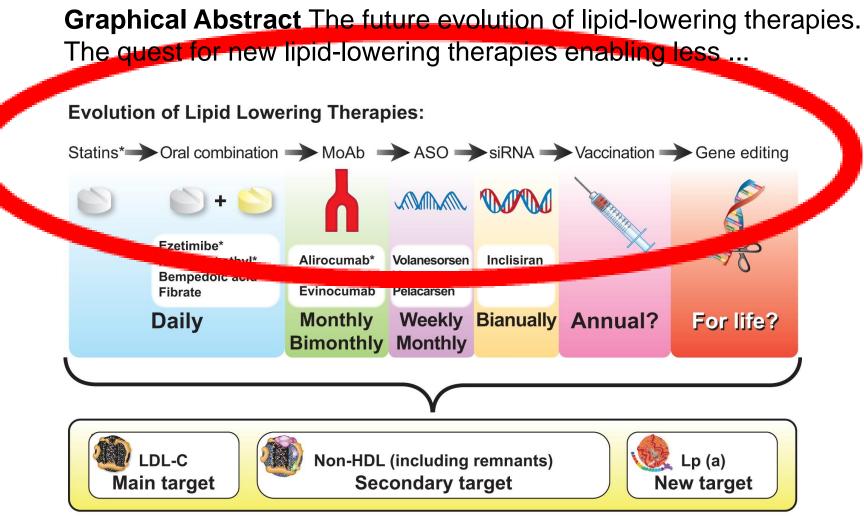


of Cardiology

Treatment goals for low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) across categories of total cardiovascular disease risk (with statins, ezetimibe, PCSK-9 inhibitors)



2019 ESC/EAS Guidelines for the management of dyslipidaemias: lipid modification to reduce cardiovascular risk



*Therapies shown to decrease CV events



Graphical Abstract The future evolution of lipid-lowering therapies. The quest for new lipid-lowering therapies enabling less ...

Evolution of Lipid Lowering Therapies: Statins* \rightarrow Oral combination \rightarrow MoAb \rightarrow ASO \rightarrow siRNA \rightarrow Vaccination \rightarrow Gene editing Ezetimibe* Inclisiran Volanesorsen **Icosapent ethyl*** Alirocumab* **Bempedoic acid** Evolocumab* Vupanorsen Olpasiran Evinocumab Pelacarsen **Fibrate** Weekly **Bianually Annual?** Daily Monthly For life? LDL-C Non-HDL (including remnants) Lp (a) Secondary target Main target New target Therapies shown to decrease CV events

Eur Heart J, Volume 43, Issue 34, 7 September 2022, Pages 3198–3208, https://doi.org/10.1093/eurheartj/ehab841



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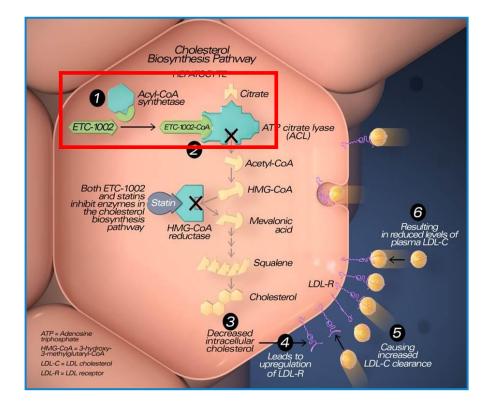
Evolution of Lipid Lowering Therapies:

*Therapies shown to decrease CV events

Bempedoic acid - Mechanism of action

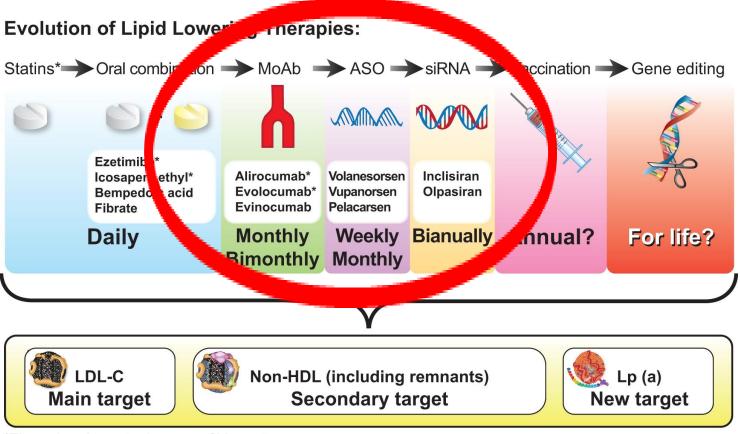
Converted to ETC-1002-CoA, the active form, in the liver

Liver targeted, muscle-sparing drug



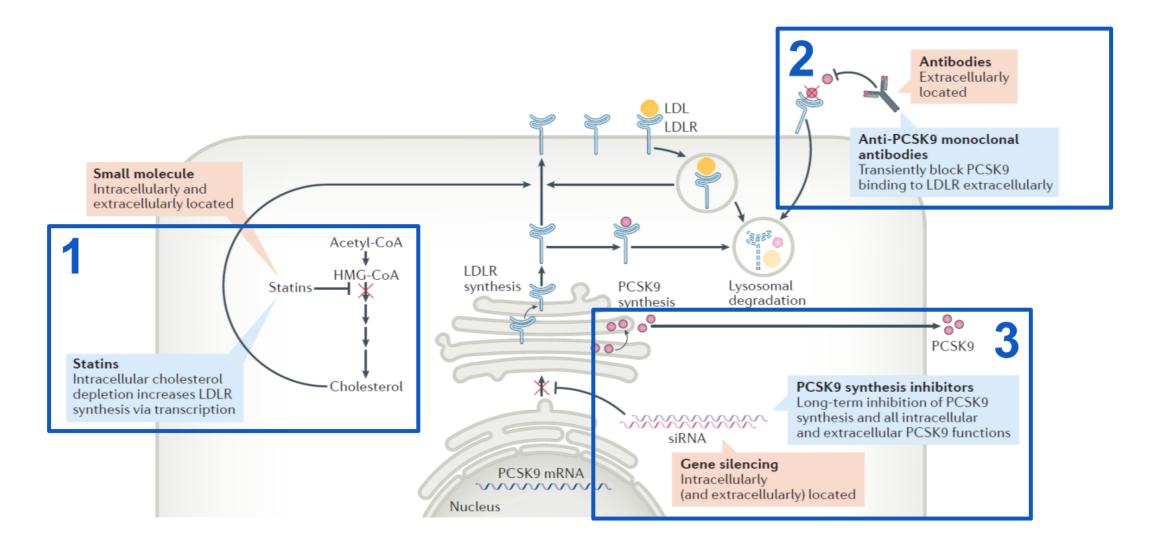
- Bempedoic acid (BA) acts in the same cholesterol biosynthesis pathway as statins
- Bempedoic acid targets ATP-Citrate Lyase, an enzyme upstream of HMG-CoA reductase
- Upregulates LDL receptors and lowers LDL-C
- BA is a prodrug; the specific isozyme (ACSVL1) which converts BA into an active CoA form is not present in skeletal muscle

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*Therapies shown to decrease CV events

Novel platforms *From antibodies to RNA-based therapies*



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

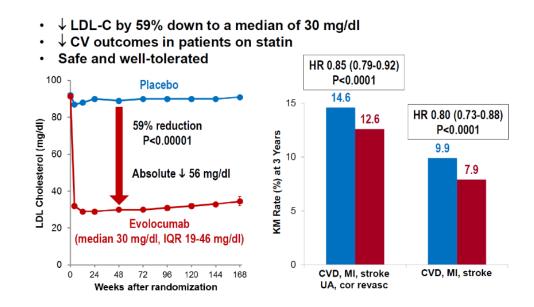
Evolocumab and Clinical Outcomes in Patients with Cardiovascular Disease

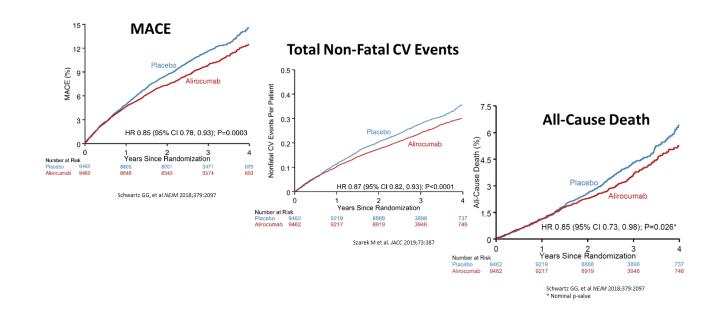
Marc S. Sabatine, M.D., M.P.H., Robert P. Giugliano, M.D., Anthony C. Keech, M.D., Narimon Honarpour, M.D., Ph.D., Stephen D. Wiviott, M.D., Sabina A. Murphy, M.P.H., Julia F. Kuder, M.A., Huei Wang, Ph.D., Thomas Liu, Ph.D., Scott M. Wasserman, M.D., Peter S. Sever, Ph.D., F.R.C.P., and Terje R. Pedersen, M.D., for the FOURIER Steering Committee and Investigators*

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

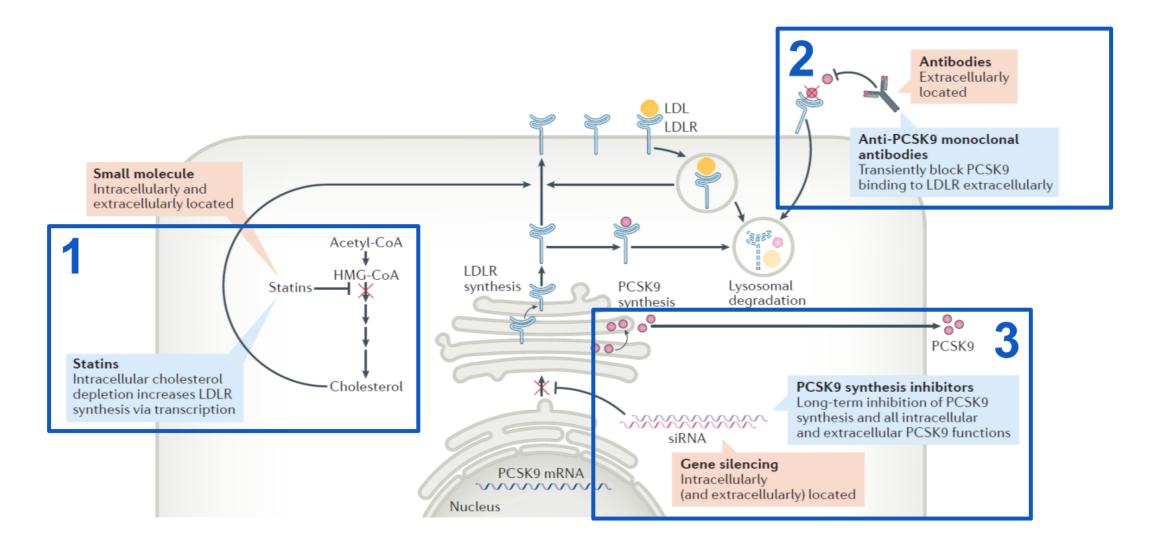
Alirocumab and Cardiovascular Outcomes after Acute Coronary Syndrome

G.G. Schwartz, P.G. Steg, M. Szarek, D.L. Bhatt, V.A. Bittner, R. Diaz, J.M. Edelberg, S.G. Goodman, C. Hanotin, R.A. Harrington, J.W. Jukema, G. Lecorps, K.W. Mahaffey, A. Moryusef, R. Pordy, K. Quintero, M.T. Roe, W.J. Sasiela, J.-F. Tamby, P. Tricoci, H.D. White, and A.M. Zeiher, for the ODYSSEY OUTCOMES Committees and Investigators*





Novel platforms *From antibodies to RNA-based therapies*



Inclisiran – ORION trial programme

Inclisiran, a synthetic si RNA molecule, inhibits PCSK9 synthesis in the liver¹

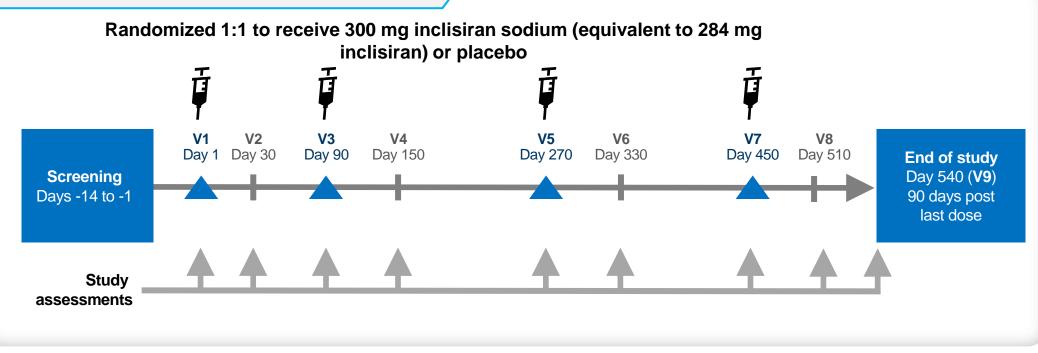
In phase I, 300 mg inclisiran lowered LDL-C 50 - 60% for 84 days (n=69)²

Objective of ORION-1: evaluate optimal dosing regimens in patients with elevated LDL-C and high CV risk

- 1. Fitzgerald et al. Lancet 2014; 383: 60-8
- 2. Fitzgerald et al. N Engl J Med 2017; 376: 41-51

ORION-9, -10, -11: Study design and assessment schedule

18-month study medication was given to participants on maximally tolerated background statin therapy^{*1,2}

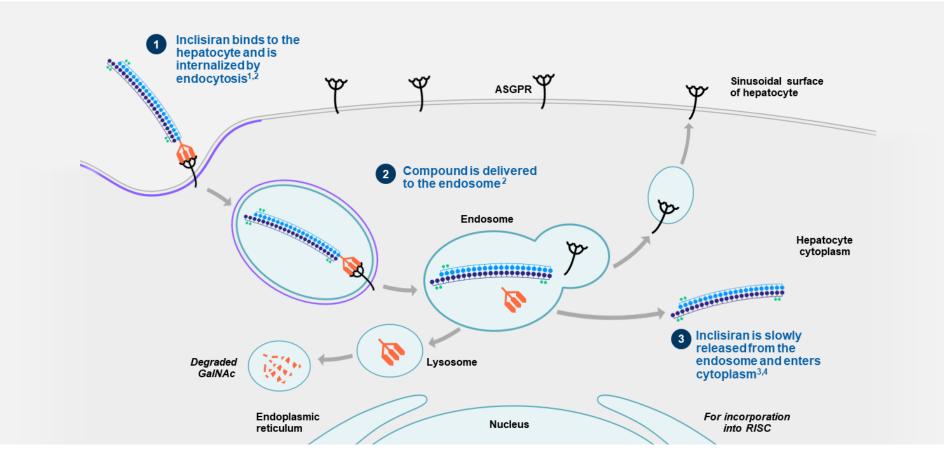


*>90% of patients included were on background statin therapy

1. Raal FJ, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2020; 382:1520–1530 2. Ray KK, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2020; 382:1507–1519

GalNAc binds specifcally to liver cells

Using a body endogenous mechanism for protein recycling

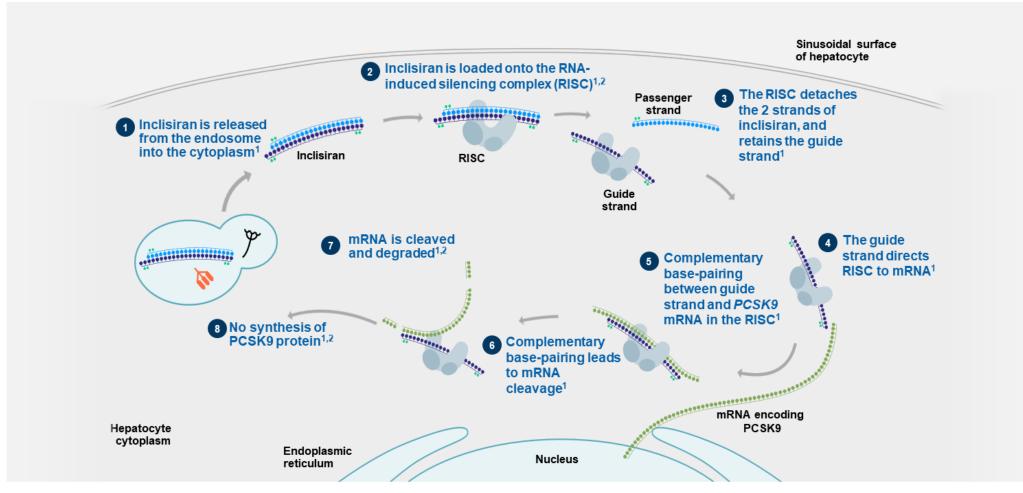


ASGPR = Asialoglycoprotein receptor, RISC = RNA-induced silencing complex, GalNAc = N-Acetylgalactosamine

1. Wang N, et al. *Circ Res.* 2017;120:1063-1065. 2. Springer AD, et al. *Nucleic Acid Ther.* 2018;28:109-118. 3. Khvorova A, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2017;376:4-7. 4. Tsouka AN, et al. *Curr Pharm Des.* 2018;24:3622-363.

siRNA induces break down of target mRNA

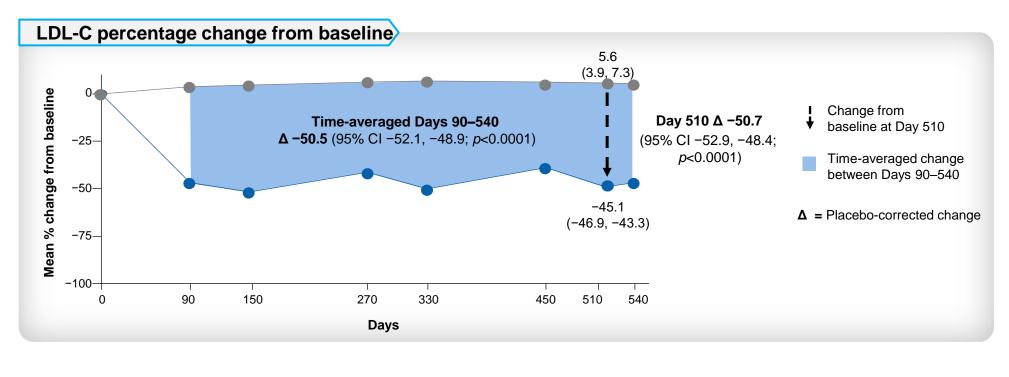
By using the natural RNA interference mechanism



1. Tsouka AN, et al. Curr Pharm Des. 2018;24:3622-3633.

2. Khvorova A, et al. N Engl J Med. 2017;376:4-7.

Inclisiran achieved a mean >50% reduction in LDL-C levels from baseline



No. of patients	Day 0	Day 90	Day 150	Day 270	Day 330	Day 450	Day 510	Day 540
 Inclisiran	1833	1788	1792	1755	1741	1726	1646	1679
 Placebo	1827	1796	1768	1733	1721	1695	1634	1651

Trials with inclisiran

Implications Inclisiran has moved into Phase III

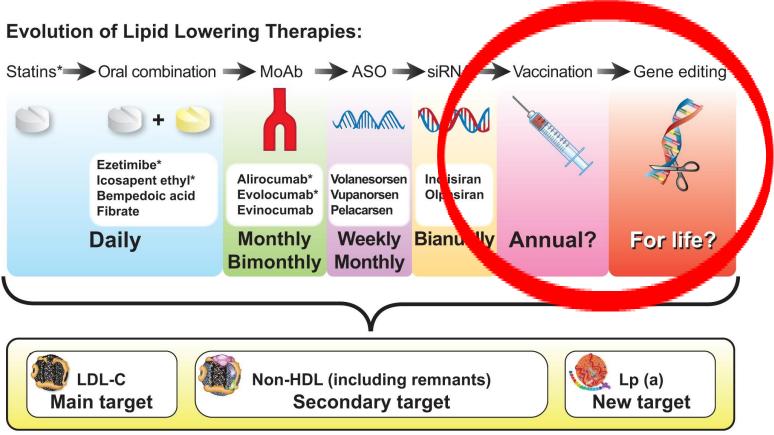
LDL-C lowering trials underway

- 3,000 subjects with ASCVD/ risk equivalents (ORION-10, -11)
- 400 subjects with HeFH (ORION-9)
- 60 subjects with HoFH (ORION-5)

Parallel cardiovascular outcomes trial in preparation

15,000 subjects with high risk ASCVD (ORION-4)

VICTORION-2 PREVENT: A randomized double-blind, placebo controlled, multicenter trial, assessing the impact of inclisiran on major adverse cardiovascular events in participants with established cardiovascular disease **Graphical Abstract** The future evolution of lipid-lowering therapies. The quest for new lipid-lowering therapies enabling less ...



*Therapies shown to decrease CV events

Bringing vaccines to chronic disease





BASIC SCIENCE



European Heart Journal (2017) **38**, 2499–250 doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehx260

The AT04A vaccine against proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 reduces total cholesterol, vascular inflammation, and atherosclerosis in APOE*3Leiden.CETP mice

Christine Landlinger^{1†}, Marianne G. Pouwer^{2,3†}, Claudia Juno¹, José W.A. van der Hoorn³, Elsbet J. Pieterman³, J. Wouter Jukema², Guenther Staffler¹*, Hans M.G. Princen^{3†}, and Gergana Galabova^{1†}

¹AFFiRiS AG, Karl-Farkas-Gasse 22, Vienna 1030, Austria; ²Department of Cardiology, LUMC, Albinusdreef 2, 2333 ZA Leiden, The Netherlands; and ³The Netherlands Organization of Applied Scientific Research (TNO)—Metabolic Health Research, Gaubius Laboratory, Zernikedreef 9, 2333 CK, PO Box 2215, 2301CE, Leiden, The Netherlands

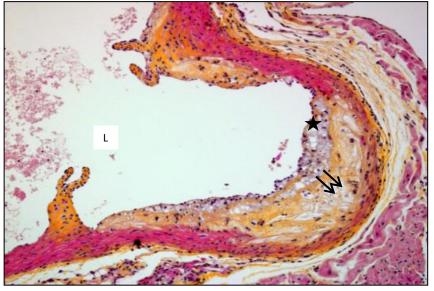
Received 18 October 2016; revised 16 March 2017; editorial decision 27 April 2017; accepted 9 May 2017; online publish-ahead-of-print 19 June 2017

See page 2508 for the editorial comment on this article (doi: 10.1093/eurheartj/ehx302)

Preclinical evidence of atherosclerosis prevention



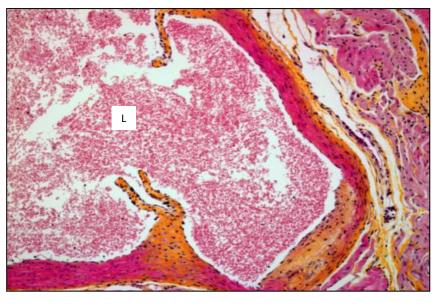
Control



Severe plaque: the media is severely damaged, elastic lamina are broken. Often visible: cholesterol clefts/crystals, mineralization (calcium) and necrosis.

Lesions severity

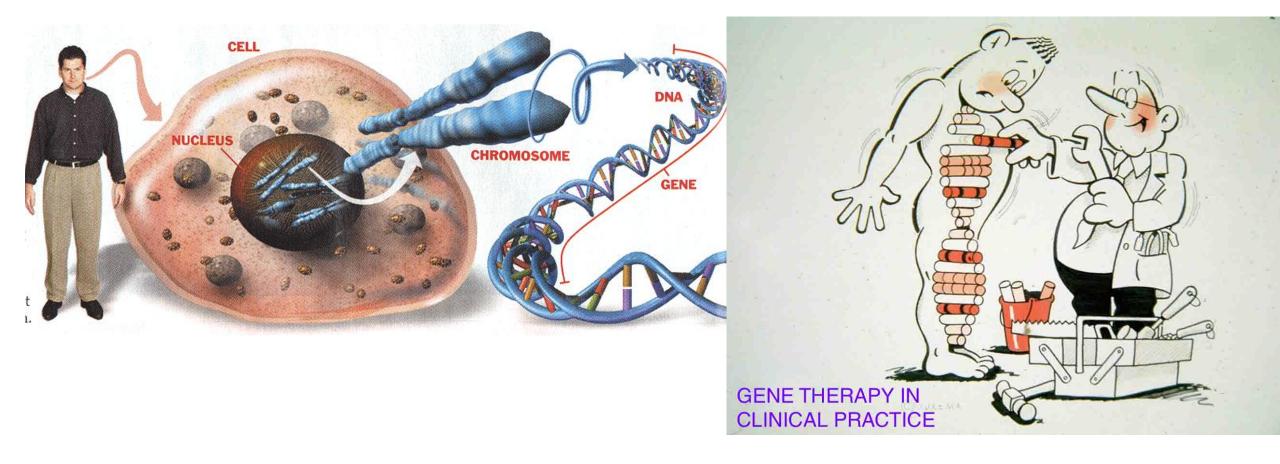
AT04A



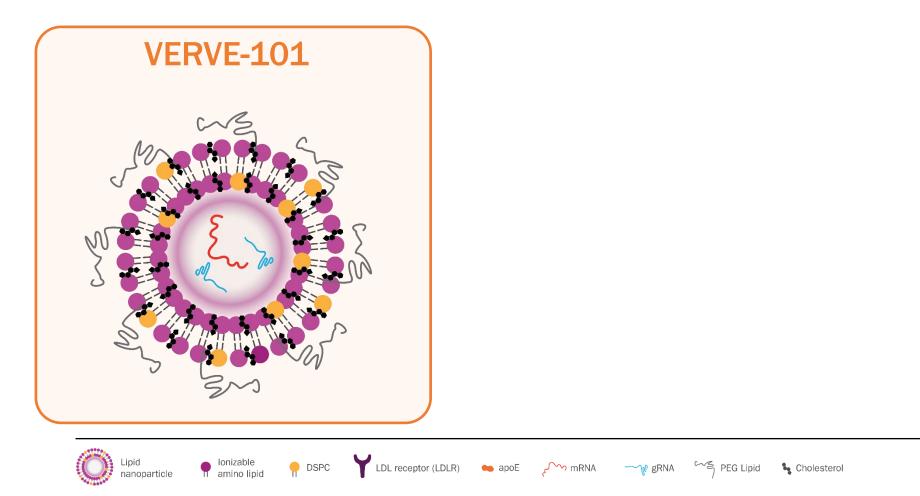
- L Aortic Lumen
- 𝔪 Cholesterol clefts
- 🖌 Foam Cells
- Dotted lines mark the boundaries between the plaques and normal tissue

Gene-editing therapy: Verve 101

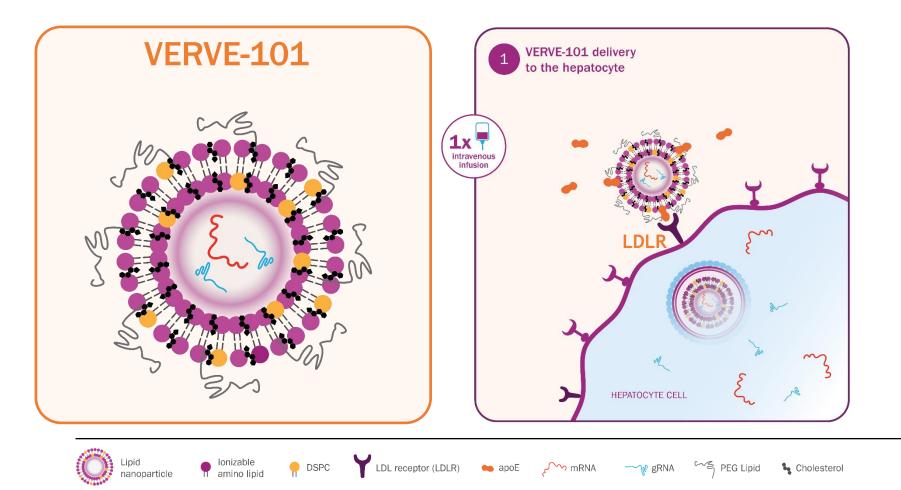
single-course treatments designed to permanently turn off the *PCSK9* gene in the liver to reduce disease-driving LDL-C.



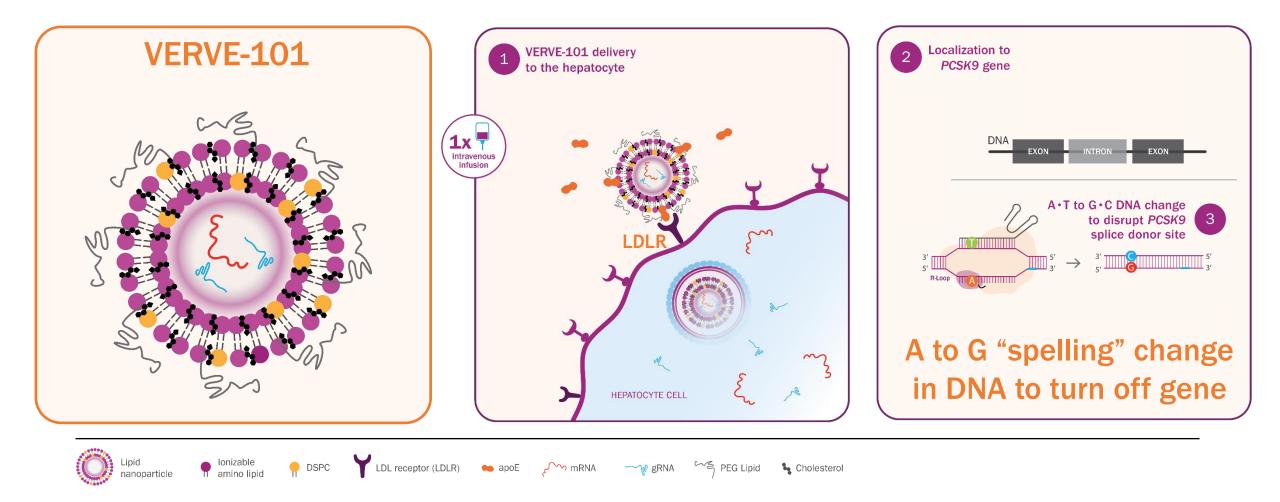
VERVE-101: novel CRISPR base editing medicine



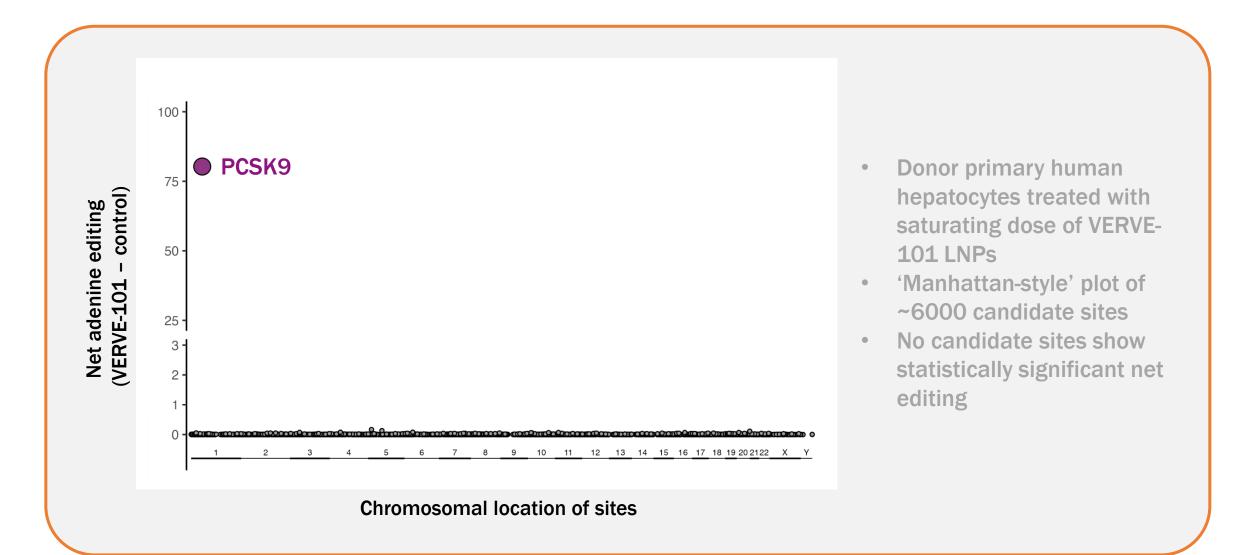
VERVE-101: novel CRISPR base editing



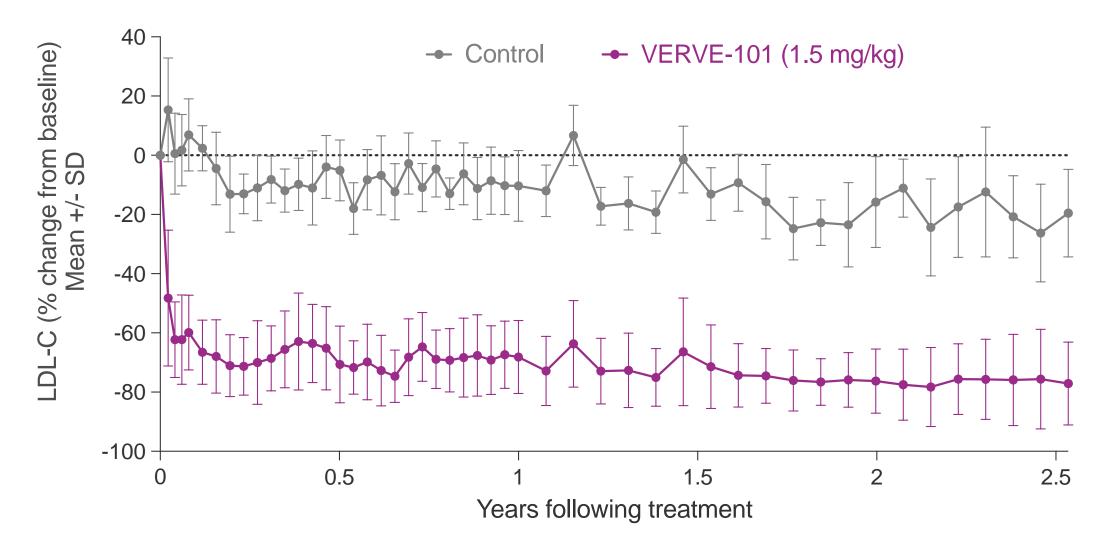
VERVE-101: novel CRISPR base editing



In human liver cells treated with VERVE-101, no evidence for off-target editing

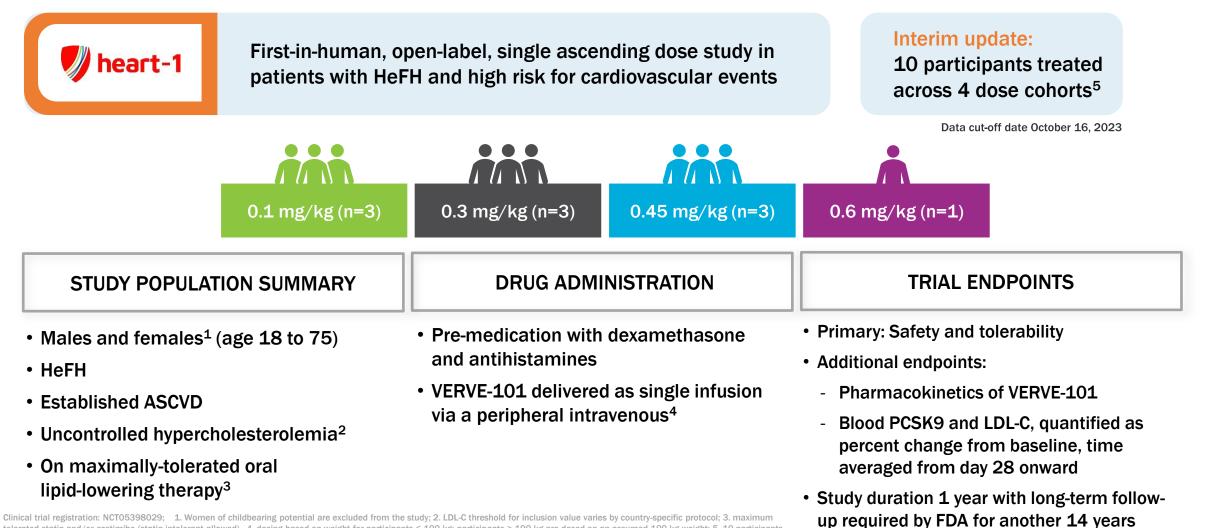


In non-human primates, blood LDL-C observed to be durably lowered for 2.5 years following single infusion of VERVE-101



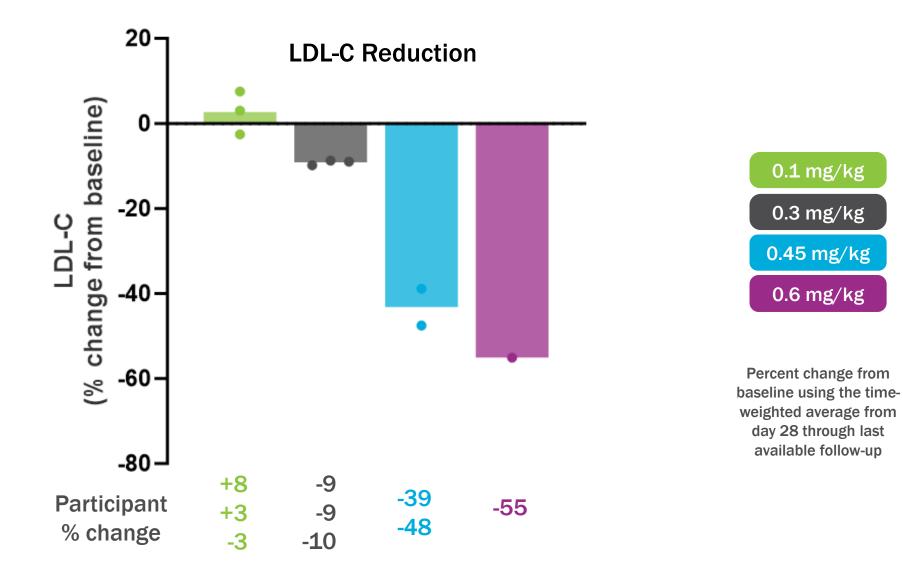
Data represents mean +/- SD for cohorts which included N=10 in control and N=22 in VERVE-101 at the earliest time points and N=7 and N=16, respectively, at the last time point.

heart-1 is a first-in-human phase 1b trial designed to evaluate the safety and tolerability of VERVE-101



Clinical trial registration: NCI05398029; 1. Women or childbearing potential are excluded from the study; 2. LDL-C threshold for inclusion value varies by country-specific protocol; 3. maximum tolerated statin and/or ezetimibe (statin intolerant allowed). 4. dosing based on weight for participants \leq 100 kg; participants > 100 kg are dosed on an assumed 100 kg weight; 5. 10 participants included in the safety analysis, but only 9 participants included in the pharmacodynamic analyses as the 10th participant had not reached the 28-day follow-up as of the data cut-off date. Single participant dosed at 0.6 mg/kg prior to initiation of 0.45 mg/kg cohort.

Reductions in blood LDL-C of 39%, 48% and 55% observed in the two higher dose cohorts following VERVE-101 administration



As of October 16, 2023. Data are from an ongoing study with an open database and have not been fully cleaned

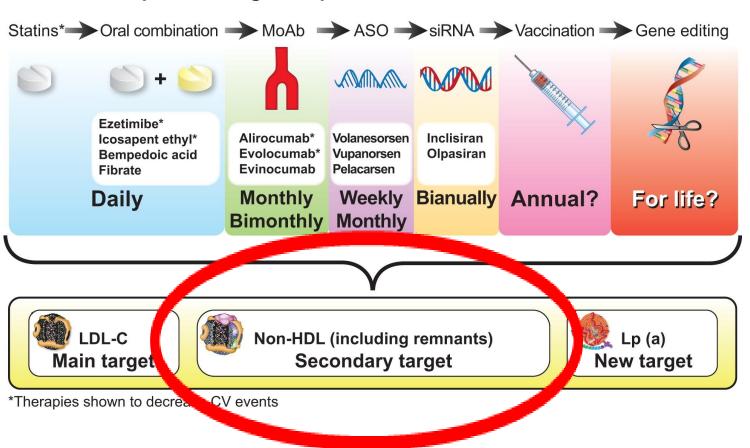
Day 28 value was used for time-weighted average in participants where day 28 was latest timepoint. One participant who has not reached day 28 excluded from analysis. Observations in 2 participants in 0.1 mg/kg cohort censored from analysis after changes in lipid lowering treatment (both >90 days after VERVE-101 infusion).

Gene-editing therapy: Verve 101

Single-course treatments designed to permanently turn off the *PCSK9* gene in the liver to reduce disease-driving LDL-C.

- VERVE-101 was well-tolerated in the two lower dose cohorts, with no treatment-related adverse events observed.
- In the two higher dose cohorts, treatment-related adverse events were observed, including transient, mild or moderate infusion reactions and transient, asymptomatic increases in liver transaminases with mean bilirubin levels below the upper limit of normal.
- Two patients experienced serious adverse events, which were each cardiovascular events in the context of severe underlying ASCVD.
- All safety events were reviewed with the independent data and safety monitoring board who recommended continuation of study enrollment with no protocol changes required.

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Evolution of Lipid Lowering Therapies:

Eur Heart J, Volume 43, Issue 34, 7 September 2022, Pages 3198–3208, https://doi.org/10.1093/eurheartj/ehab841







Reduction of Cardiovascular Events with Icosapent Ethyl–Intervention Trial

Deepak L Bhatt, MD, MPH, Ph. Gabriel Steg, MD, Michael Miller, MD,

Eliot A. Brinton, MD, Terry A. Jacobson, MD, Steven B. Ketchum, PhD,

Ralph T. Doyle, Jr., BA, Rebecca A. Juliano, PhD, Lixia Jiao, PhD,

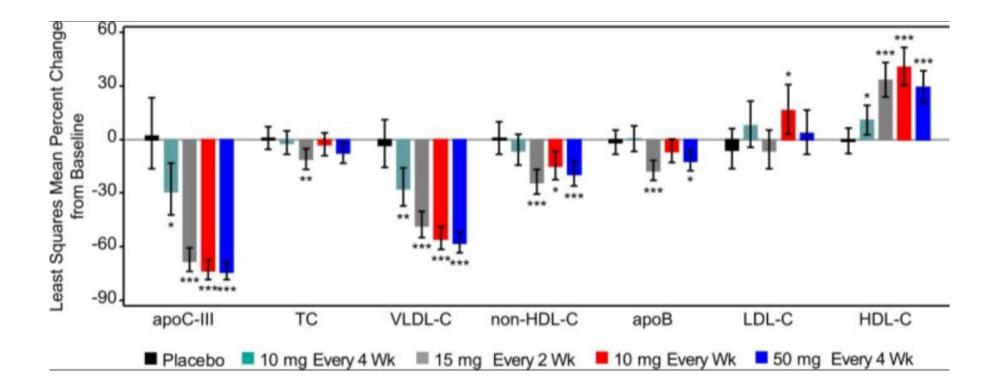
Craig Granowitz, MD, PhD, Jean-Claude Tardif, MD, Christie M. Ballantyne, MD, on Behalf of the REDUCE-IT Investigators

REDUCE-IT: Pre-specified hierarchical testing of endpoints

Endpoint	Icosapent Ethyl (N=4089) No. of Patients	Placebo (N=4090) With Event (%)	_	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	RRR	P-Value
Primary composite	705 (17.2)	901 (22.0)		0.75 (0.68–0.83)	25%	<0.001
Key secondary composite	459 (11.2)	606 (14.8)		0.74 (0.65–0.83)	26%	<0.001
Cardiovascular death or non-fatal myocardial infarction	392 (9.6)	507 (12.4)		0.75 (0.66–0.86)	25%	<0.001
Fatal or non-fatal myocardial infarction	250 (6.1)	355 (8.7)		0.69 (0.58–0.81)	31%	<0.001
Urgent or emergency revascularisation	216 (5.3)	321 (7.8)		0.65 (0.55–0.78)	35%	<0.001
Cardiovascular death	174 (4.3)	213 (5.2)		0.80 (0.66–0.98)	20%	0.03
Hospitalisation for unstable angina	108 (2.6)	157 (3.8)		0.68 (0.53–0.87)	32%	0.002
Fatal or non-fatal stroke	98 (2.4)	134 (3.3)		0.72 (0.55–0.93)	28%	0.01
Death from any cause, non-fatal myocardial infarction or non-fatal stroke	549 (13.4)	690 (16.9)		0.77 (0.69–0.86)	23%	<0.001
Death from any cause	274 (6.7)	310 (7.6)		0.87 (0.74–1.02)	13%	_
		0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 Icosapent Ethyl Placebo Better Better	1.4			

The rates of all end points up to death from any cause were significantly lower in the icosapent ethyl group than in the placebo group.

- Olezarsen (Apo CIII inhibitor antisense nucleotide) significantly reduced apoC-III, triglycerides, and atherogenic lipoproteins
- in patients with moderate hypertriglyceridaemia and at high risk for or with established cardiovascular disease.



Tardif J-C et al. Eur Heart J . 2022 Apr 6;43:1401-1412.

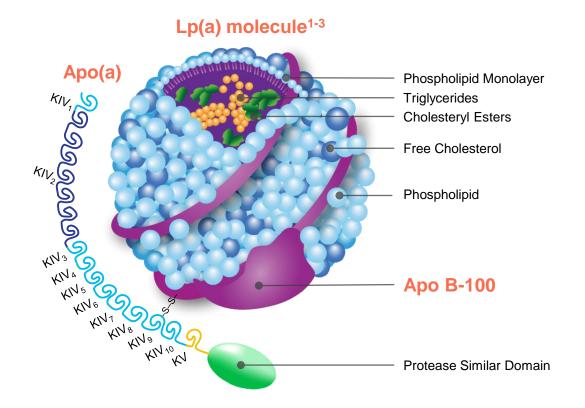
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Lp(a) is Atherogenic, Prothrombotic and Proinflammatory^{1,2}



- Lp(a) is produced in the liver and has two main components joined by a covalent disulfide bond^{1,2}
 - A lipid core moiety that is an LDL-like particle containing apolipoprotein B-100, which is proatherosclerotic^{1,2}

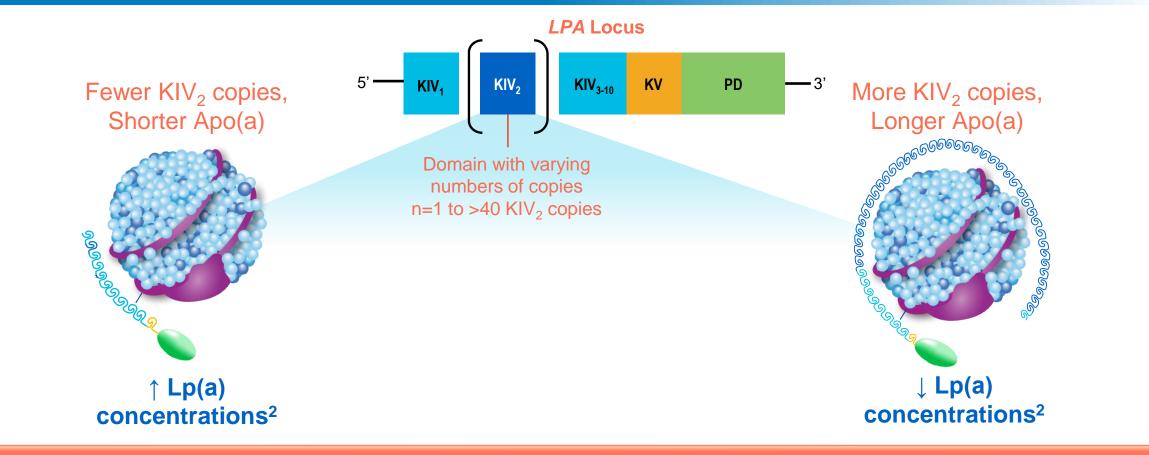
and

- A single molecule of apolipoprotein(a)¹⁻³

Lp(a) differs from LDL in that Lp(a) contains a molecule of $apo(a)^{1,2}$

Apo, apoprotein; KI, kringle type I; KII, kringle type II; KIII, kringle type III; KIV, kringle type IV; KV, kringle type V; Lp(a), lipoprotein (a). 1. Cai A, et al. *Dis Markers*. 2013;35(5):551-559. 2. Tsimikas S. *J Am Coll Cardiol*. 2017;69:692-711. 3. Jawi MM, et al. *J Lipids*.2020:1-26. doi.org /10.1155/2020/3491764.

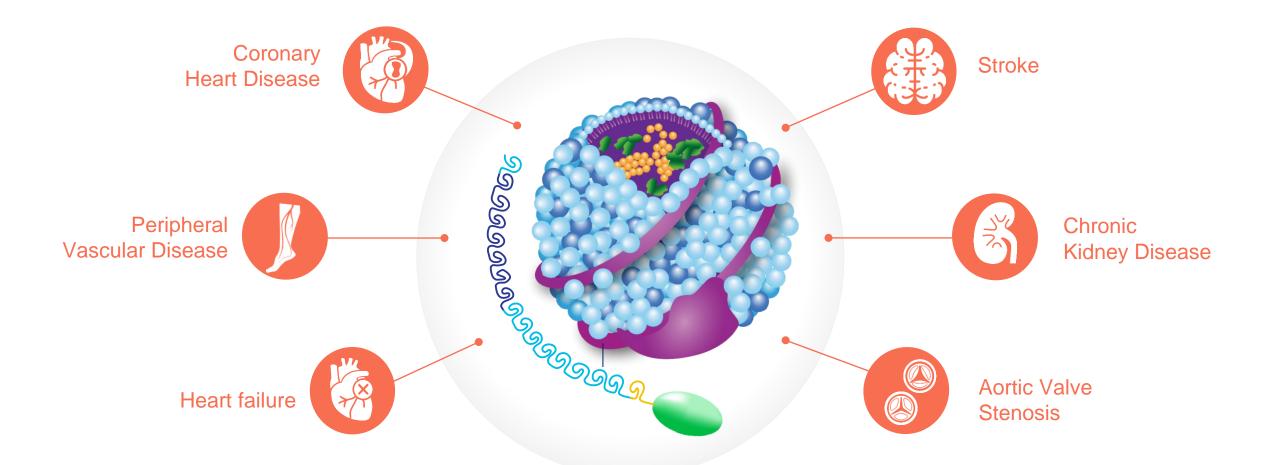
Lp(a) Isoform Varies by Length of Apo(a)^{1,2}



Lp(a) isoforms vary by length of Apo(a), which is genetically determined by number of KIV_2 repeats¹

Apo(a), apolipoprotein(a); IV-1, IV-2... kringle 4 types; K, kringle; Lp(a), lipoprotein(a), PD, protease domain. 1. Schmidt K, et al. *J Lipid Res*. 2016;56:1339-1359. 2. Paré G, et al. *Circulation*. 2019;139:1472-1482.

Elevated Lp(a) is Associated with Various Disease States



Disease associations were determined using logistic regression data from UK Biobank, adjusted for age, sex, and 10 other key components, with the exception of chronic kidney disease, which was determined using statistics from CKDGen.

Lp(a), lipoprotein(a). Emdin CA, et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2016;68:2761-2772.

Emerging Specific Lp(a)-Lowering Therapies Targeting Lp(a) Production

Pelacarsen:

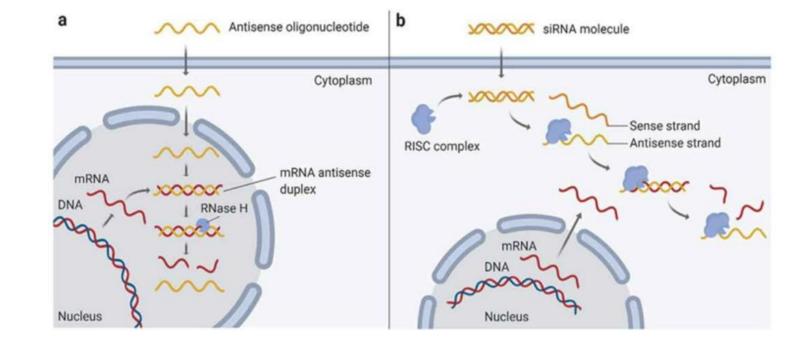
- Antisense oligonucleotide therapy (ASO): monthly dosing
- Outcome results from phase 3 are expected in 2025

Olpasiran

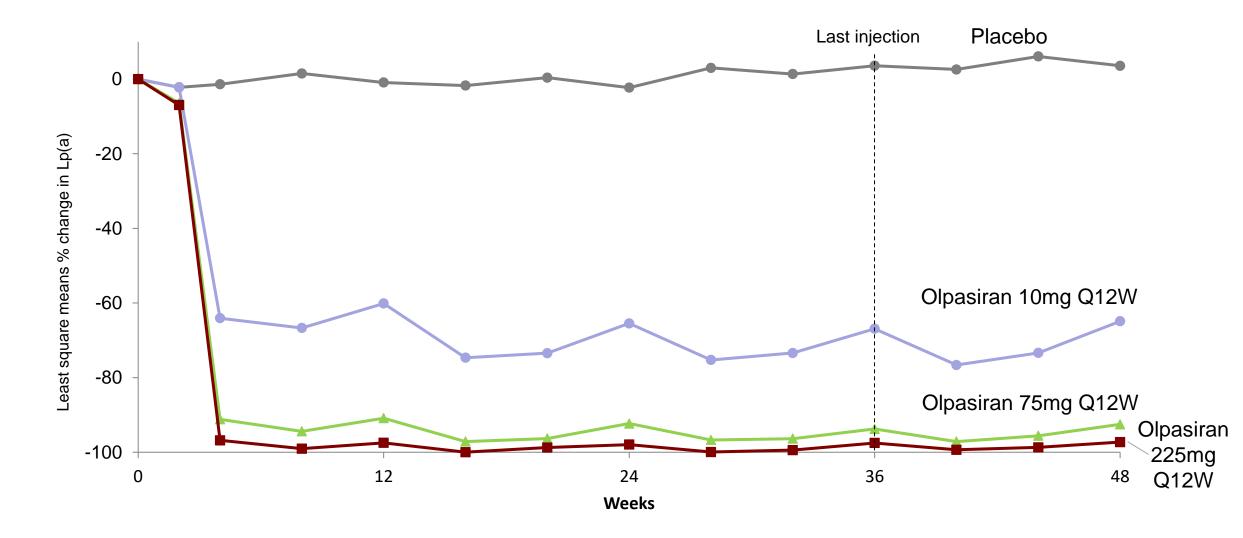
- siRNA technology: longer acting
- Dose finding study finished

SLN360

- siRNA technology: longer acting
- Phase 1 finished



Changes in Lp(a) Through Follow-Up

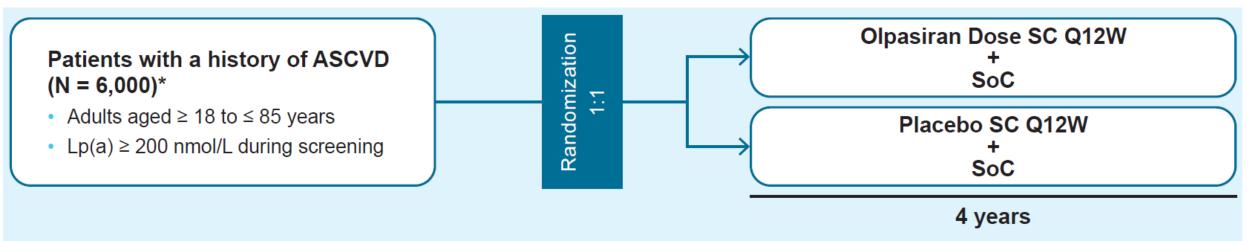


O'Donoghue ML, et al. Presentation at American Heart Association Scientific Sessions 2022; November 5-7 2022, Chicago, IL, O'Donogue ML, et al. New Eng J Med. 2022;387:1855-64.

OCEAN(a)-Outcomes Trial: <u>O</u>lpasiran Trials of <u>Cardiovascular Events And</u> Lipoprotei<u>N(a)</u> Reduction – Outcomes Trial

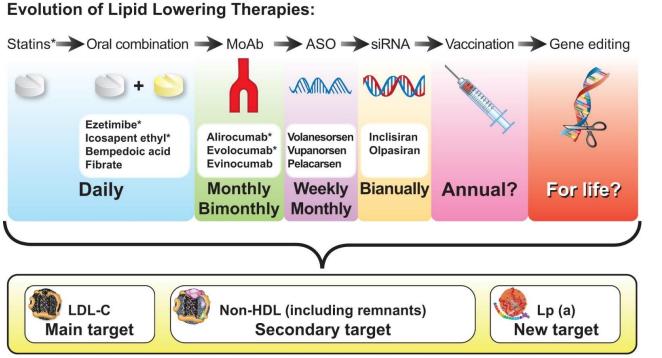
A Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo-Controlled, Multicenter Study Assessing the Impact of Olpasiran on Major CV Events in Participants With ASCVD and Elevated Lp(a)

Phase 3 Study Design:



STUDY PURPOSE: To compare the effect of treatment with olpasiran to that of placebo on the risk of CHD death, MI, or urgent coronary revascularization inparticipants with ASCVD and elevated Lp(a)

ASCVD, atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease; CHD, coronary heart disease; CV, cardiovascular; Lp(a), lipoprotein(a); MI, myocardial infarction; Q12W, every 12 weeks; SC, subcutaneous; SoC, standard of care https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05581303?term=olpasiran&draw=2&rank=4 The future evolution of lipid-lowering therapies. The quest for new lipid-lowering therapies ...



They are on the road!!



*Therapies shown to decrease CV events